Internal Revenue Service, Treasury

Adjusted basis of property trans-

treated as other property or money for purposes of section 1031(b).) Accordingly, under section 1031(b), \$40,000 of the \$120,000 gain is recognized. The basis of the apartment house acquired by D is \$170,000, computed as follows:

ferred		\$100,000
Liabilities to which subject		150,000
Total Less: Amount of money received: Cash Amount of liabilities subject to which	\$40,000	250,000
property was trans- ferred	80,000	120,000
		130,000
Plus: Amount of upon the exchange		40,000
	ty acquired upon	170,000
(c) E realizes a gain of \$75,000 on the exchange, computed as follows:		
Value of property red Liabilities subject to erty was transferre	ceived which old prop-	\$220,000 150,000
,	ion received	370,000
Less: Adjusted basis of property trans- ferred Cash Liabilities to which new property is sub- ject	\$175,000 40,000	295,000

For purposes of section 1031(b), the amount of other property or money received by E is \$30,000. (Consideration received by E in the form of a transfer subject to a liability of \$150,000 is offset by consideration given in the form of a receipt of property subject to an \$80,000 liability and by the \$40,000 cash paid by E. Although consideration received in the form of cash or other property is not offset by consideration given in the form of an assumption of liabilities or a receipt of property subject to a liability, consideration given in the form of cash or other property is offset against consideration received in the form of an assumption of liabilities or a transfer of property subject to a liability.)

Gain realized

Accordingly, under section 1031(b), \$30,000 of the \$75,000 gain is recognized. The basis of the apartment house acquired by E is \$175,000, computed as follows:

Adjusted basis of property transferred	\$175,000
Cash	40,000
Liabilities to which new property is	40,000
	90,000
subject	80,000
Total	295,000
Less:	
Amount of	
money re-	
ceived:	
Amount of	
liabilities	
subject to	
which	
property	
was trans-	
ferred \$150,000	450,000
	150,000
Difference	145,000
Plus: Amount of gain recognized	. 10,000
upon the exchange	30,000
,	
Basis of property acquired upon	
the exchange	175,000

§ 1.1031(e)-1 Exchange of livestock of different sexes.

Section 1031(e) provides that livestock of different sexes are not property of like kind. Section 1031(e) and this section are applicable to taxable years to which the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 applies.

 $[\mathrm{T.D.}\ 7141,\ 36\ \mathrm{FR}\ 18792,\ \mathrm{Sept.}\ 22,\ 1971]$

§1.1031(j)-1 Exchanges of multiple properties.

(a) Introduction—(1) Overview. As a general rule, the application of section 1031 requires a property-by-property comparison for computing the gain recognized and basis of property received in a like-kind exchange. This section provides an exception to this general rule in the case of an exchange of multiple properties. An exchange is an exchange of multiple properties if, under paragraph (b)(2) of this section, more than one exchange group is created. In addition, an exchange is an exchange of multiple properties if only one exchange group is created but there is more than one property being transferred or received within that exchange group. Paragraph (b) of this section provides rules for computing the amount of gain recognized in an exchange of multiple properties qualifying for nonrecognition of gain or loss

75.000